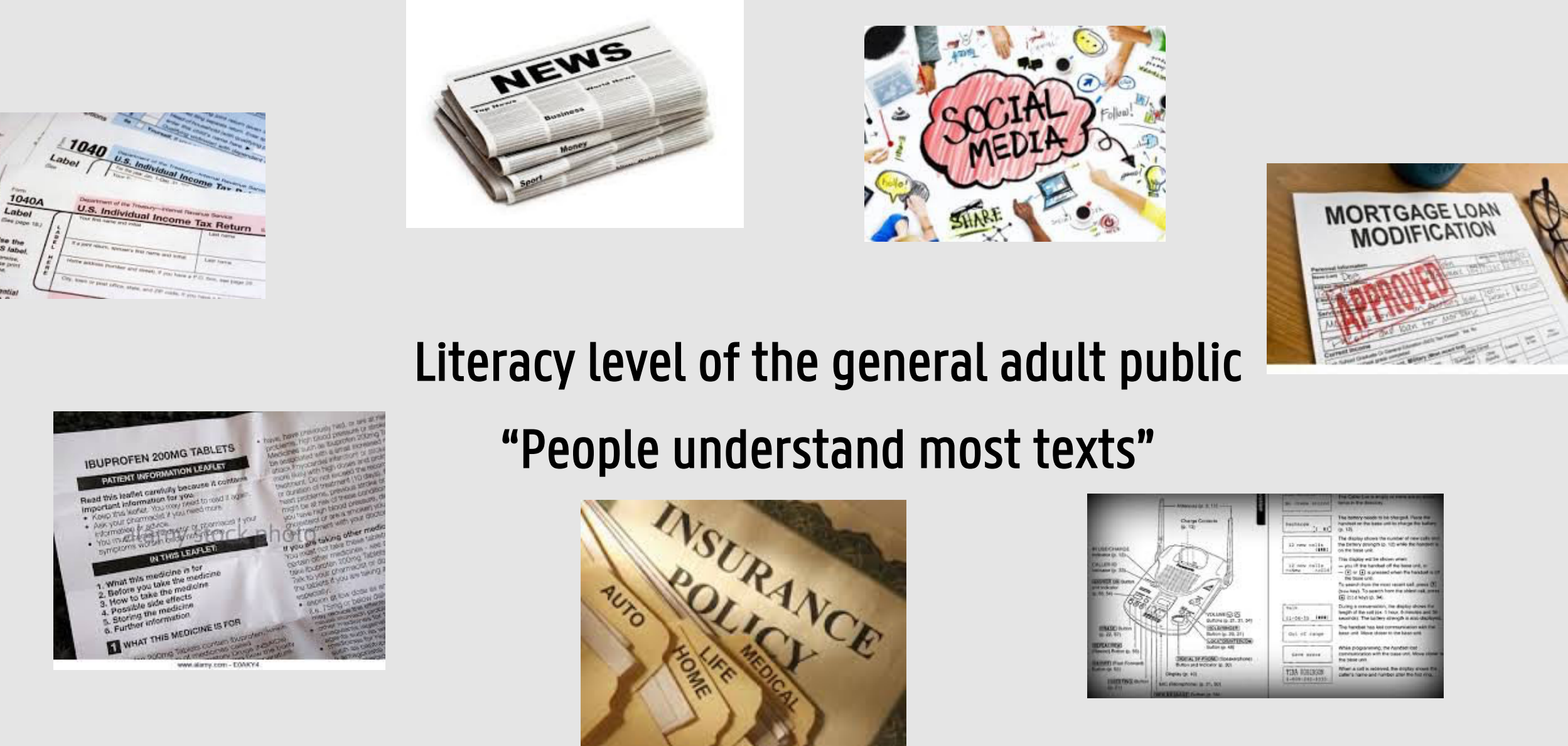
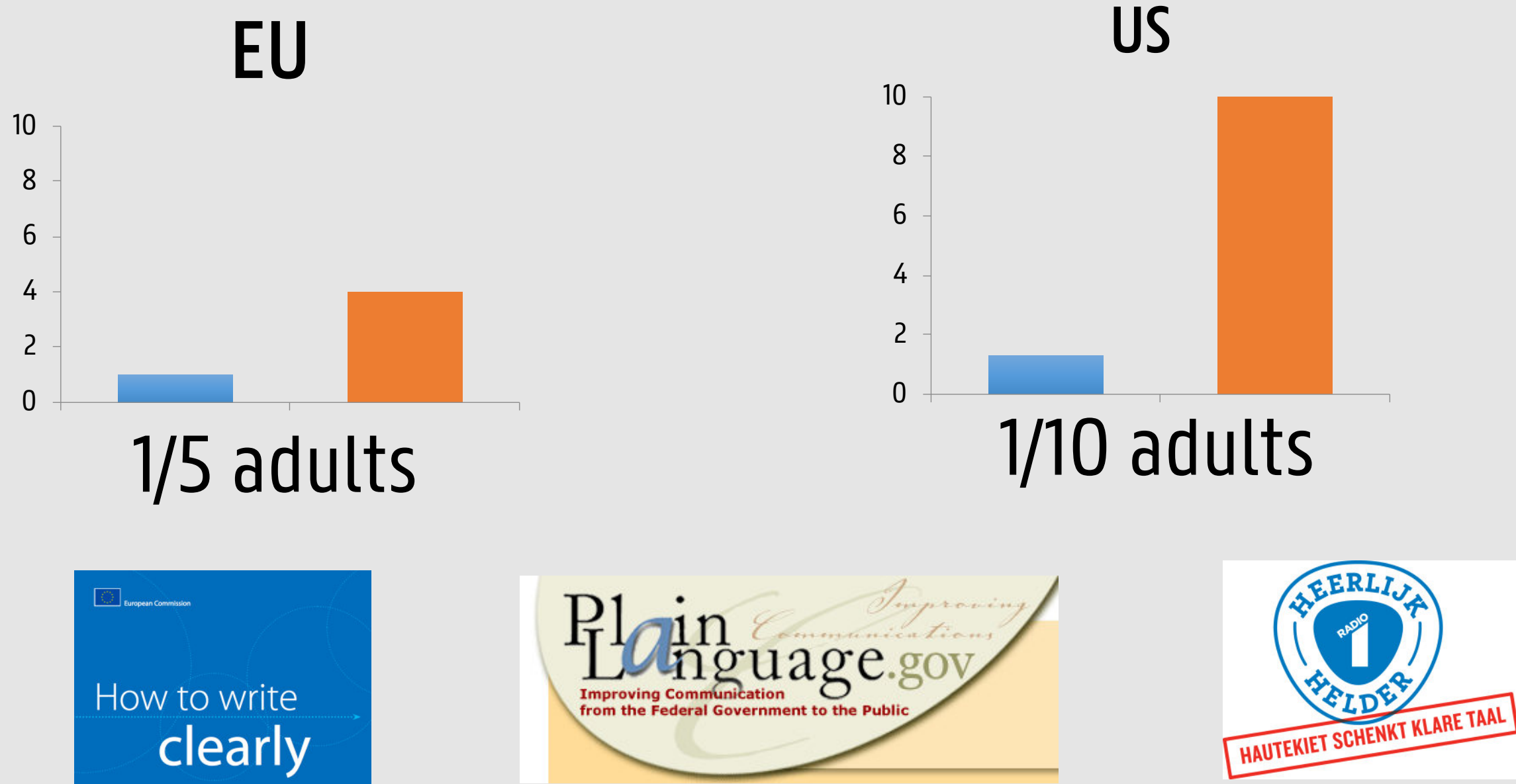


LT³'S READABILITY PREDICTION SYSTEM

EVERYONE CAN READ



REALITY CHECK



COMPUTERS TO THE RESCUE: FROM FORMULAS TO MACHINE LEARNING

Classical readability formulas

Readability = weight 1 * characteristic a + weight 2 * characteristic b + ...

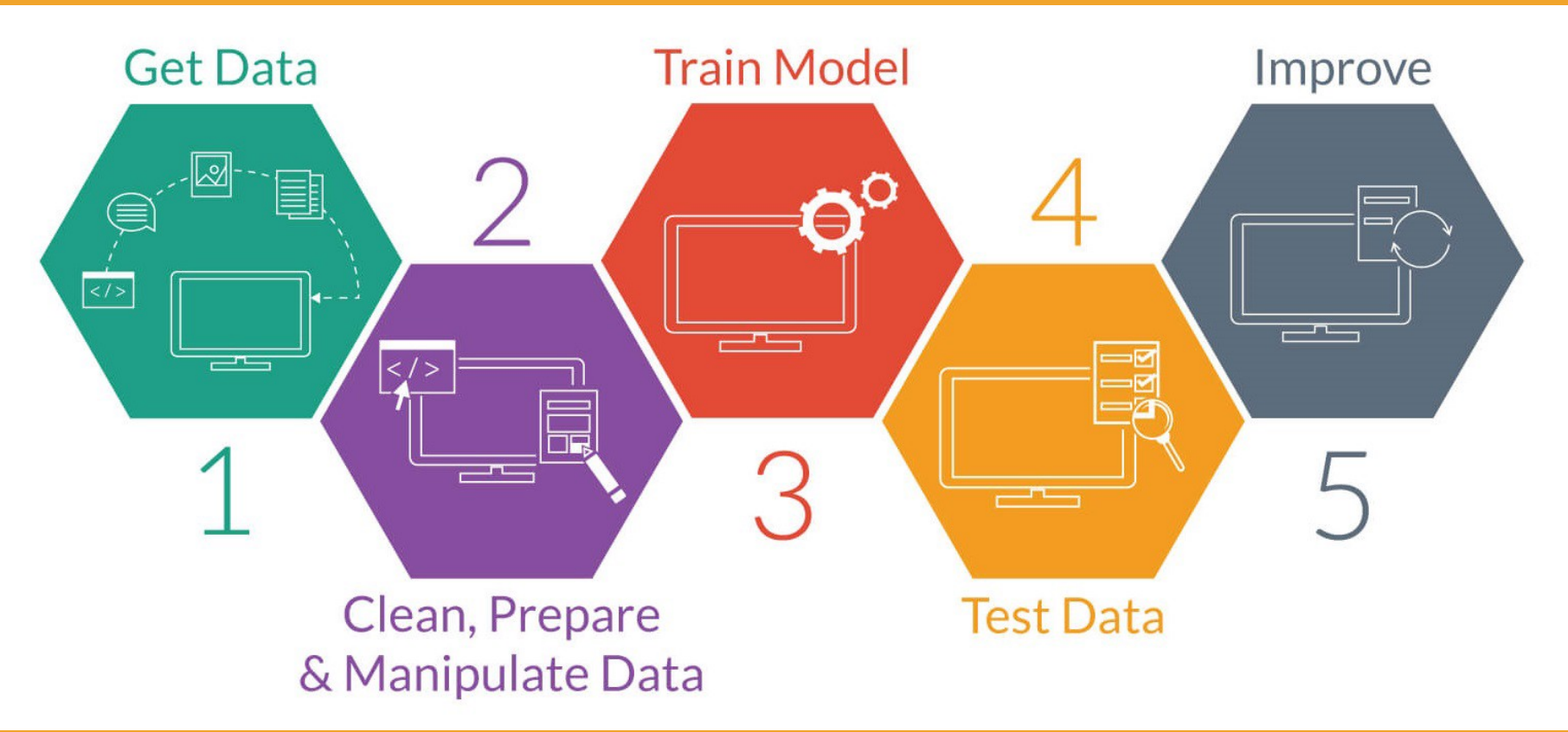
TEXT CHARACTERISTICS	
avgnumsyll	Average word length in number of syllables
avgsentencelen	Average sentence length in number of words
avgwordlen	Average word length in number of characters
freq	Percentage of words also found in a word list (e.g the Dale Chall (1948) 3000 word list with words familiar to 80% of American fourth-graders)
psw	Percentage of sentences per word
avgpolysyntent	Average number of words of 3 or more syllables per word
ppolysyntword	Percentage of words of 3 or ore syllables
ratilongword	Ratio of words of more than 6 characters
ltr	Type token ratio (the number of unique words divided by the total number of words)

Flesch Reading Ease (EN)
Flesch Douma (DU)

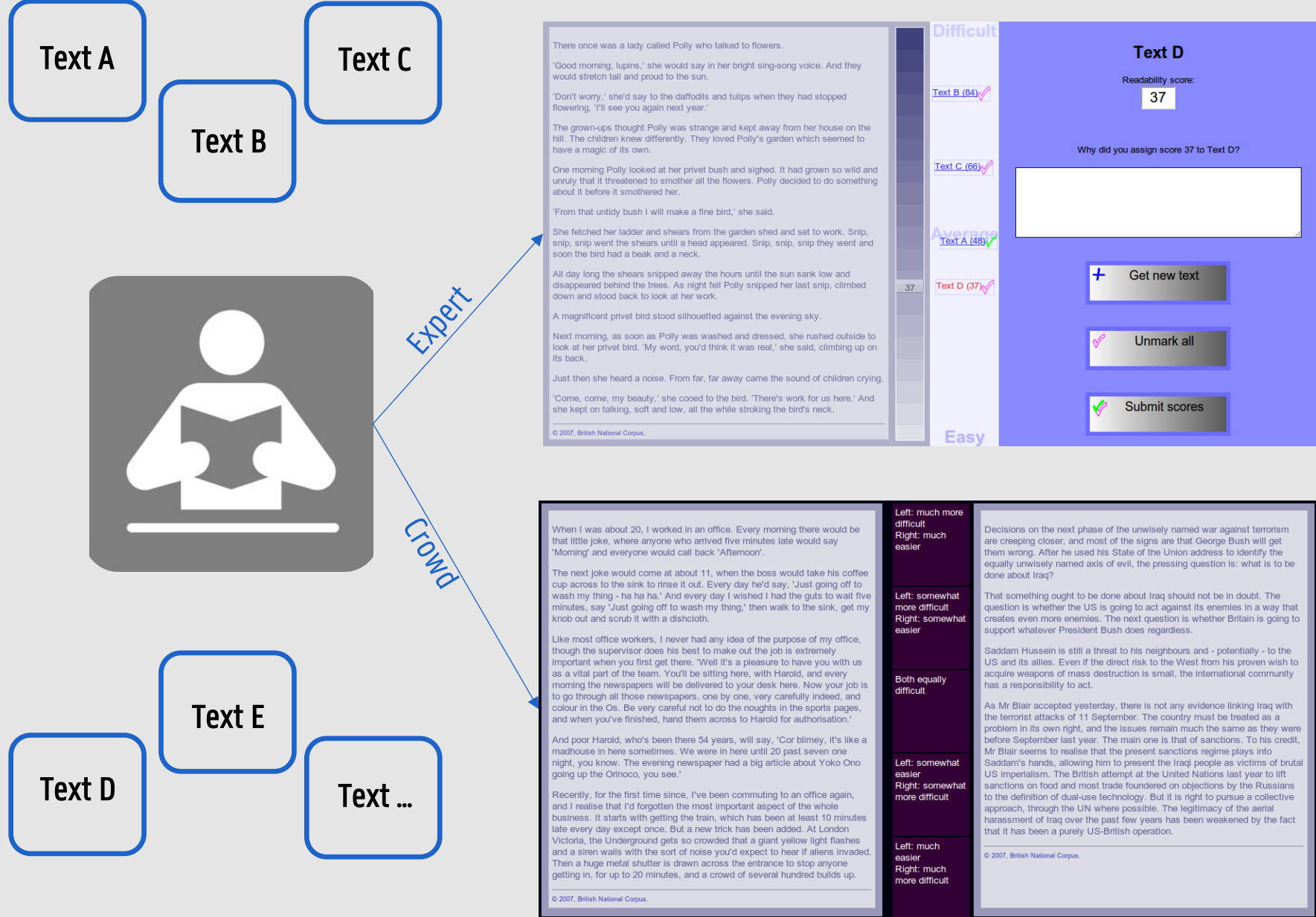
- limited
- superficial
- children
- ...

Advances
Computer
Science
&
Natural
Language
Processing

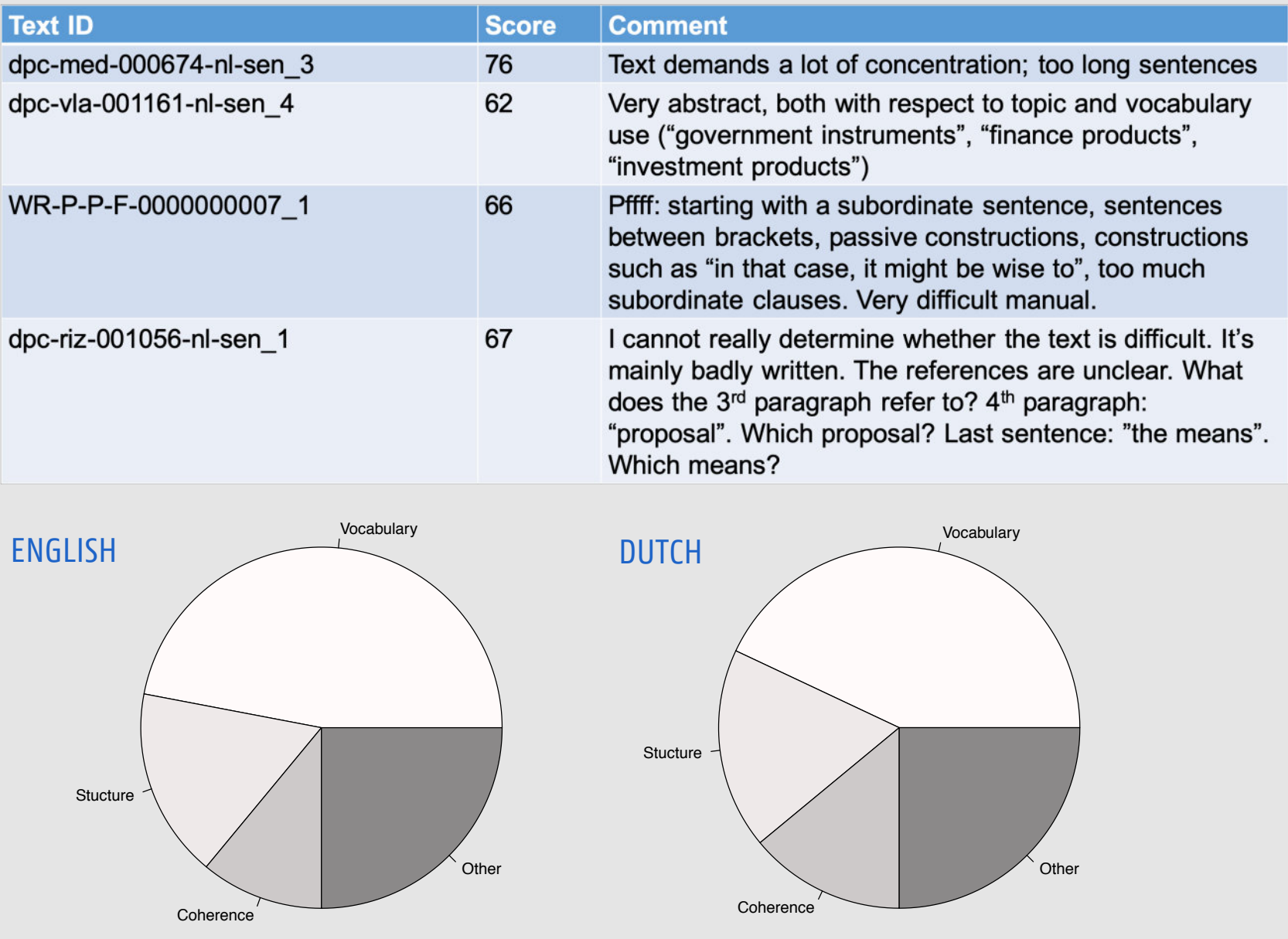
Machine learning



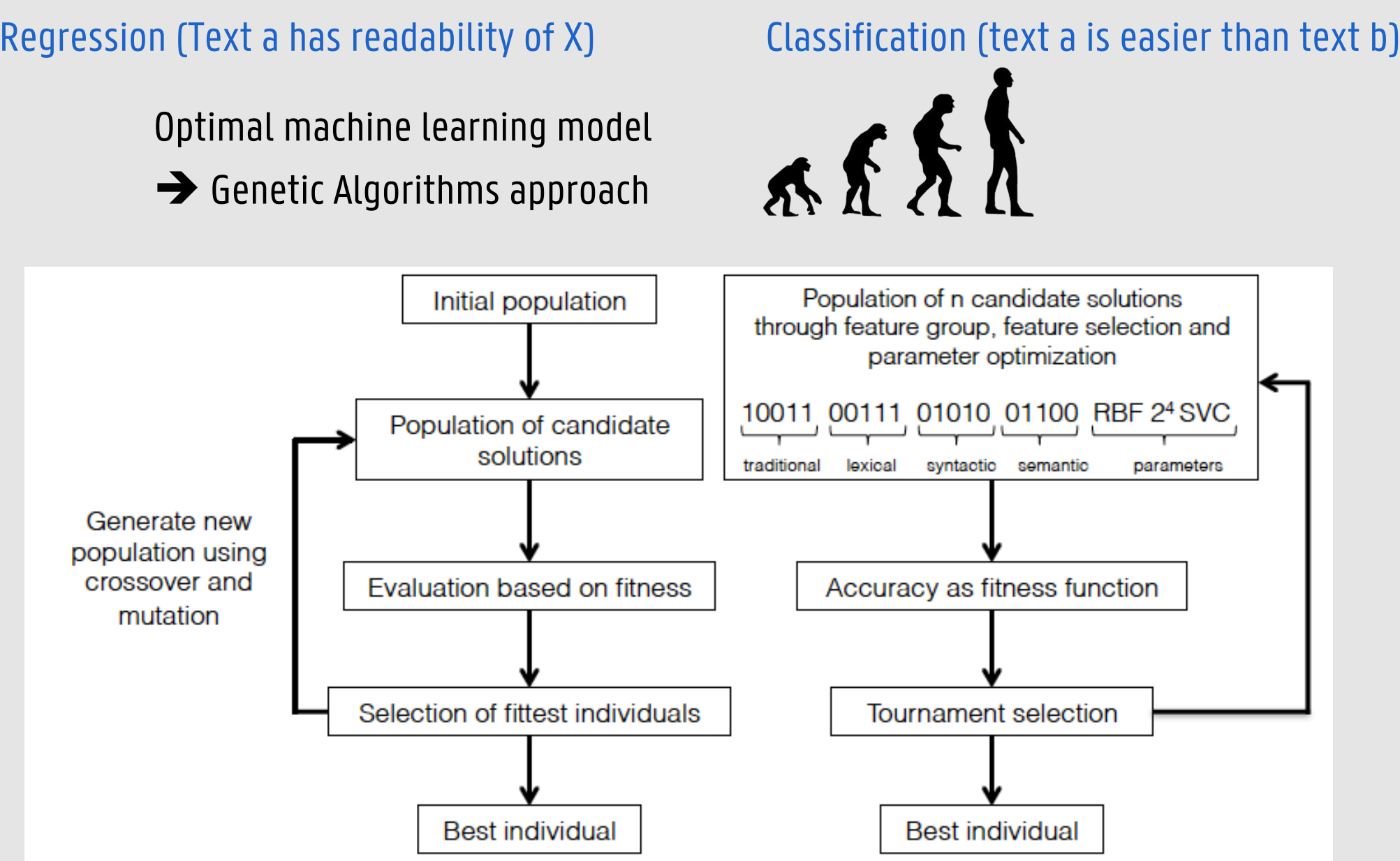
STEP 1: Collect and assess data



STEP 2: Extract meaningful features



STEP 3-4-5: Train-test and improve



STATE-OF-THE-ART READABILITY PREDICTION

		Regression		Classification			
				BINARY		MULTI	
Baseline	Default, all features	EN	DU	EN	DU	EN	DU
Round 1	Feature groups	0.1242	0.1492	85.60	93.16	57.38	60.87
	Individual features	0.0985	0.1470	86.28	93.61	58.14	61.31
Round 2	Joint feature groups	0.0060	0.0003	96.27	98.01	70.35	73.35
	Joint individual features	0.0059	0.0004	96.88	98.24	71.00	73.62

- Generic readability prediction (De Clercq and Hoste, 2016)
- Translation quality and post editing (De Sutter et al. 2017, Daems et al. 2017)
- Retrained on specific genre: sustainability reporting (Smeuninx, 2018)

FUTURE

- Translatability prediction
- Automated writing evaluation
- Collaborate: check out our **demos** or **contact me**

References:

Daems, J., De Clercq, O., & Macken, L. (2017). Translationese and post-edits: how comparable is comparable quality? *LINGUISTICA ANTVERPIENSIA NEW SERIES-THEMES IN TRANSLATION STUDIES*, 16, 89–103.

De Clercq, Orphée, & Hoste, V. (2016). All mixed up? Finding the optimal feature set for general readability prediction and its application to English and Dutch. *COMPUTATIONAL LINGUISTICS*, 42(3), 457–490.

De Sutter, G., Cappelle, B., De Clercq, O., Look, R., & Plevoeets, K. (2017). Towards a corpus-based, statistical approach of translation quality: measuring and visualizing linguistic deviance in student translations. (G. S. Koby & I. Lacruz , Eds.) *LINGUISTICA ANTVERPIENSIA NEW SERIES-THEMES IN TRANSLATION STUDIES*, 16, 25–39.

Smeuninx, N. (2018). Dear stakeholder : exploring the language of sustainability reporting : a closer look at readability, sentiment and perception. Ghent University. Faculty of Arts and Philosophy, Ghent, Belgium.

Assessing Readability demo

Read all the texts and give each a readability score from 0 to 100.

Text 1	Text 2	Text 3

Submit

DEMO 2

<https://www.lt3.ugent.be/tools/machine-learning-readability/>

DEMO 1

www.lt3.ugent.be/tools/assessing-readability/

Machine Learning readability demo

Upload a UTF-8-text file (max. 1500 characters) to assess its readability.

Base features, such as the average sentence length, type token ratio, ratio of content and function words are always calculated. You have the option to derive three other feature groups. Processing will take about 30 seconds, but depending on the length of your text and/or the amount of traffic on our server this can be longer since the processing tasks are queued.

File: Choose file No file chosen

If you don't have a text-file ready, try one of these: [Text 1](#), [Text 2](#), [Text 3](#), [Text 4](#), [Text 5](#), [Text 6](#), [Text 7](#), [Text 8](#), [Text 9](#) or [Text 10](#).

Submit

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